

## Meaning

الْعُدُولُ عَنِ الطَّريقِ الْمُسْتَقِيم، وَهُوَ ضِدُّ الْهِدَايَةِ

Turning away from the Straight Path and it is the opposite of guidance

## **Explanation**

Shaykh Saalih al Fawzaan

Ad dalaal (going astray) is turning away from the Straight Path and it is the opposite of guidance. He, the Most High, said:

Whoever goes right by being upright and established upon the Path of Truth, then he goes aright only for the benefit of his own self.

And whoever *dalla* (goes astray) so he takes hold of other than guidance, disbelieving in Allaah and in Muhammad (*sall Allaahu'alaihi wa sallam*) and in the Truth which he came with from his Lord, then he does not harm anyone other than himself by his deviation and straying from guidance.<sup>1</sup>

Soorah al Israa-(17) aayah 15

And ad dalaal is applied to a number of (different) meanings:

i) Sometimes it is applied to disbelief; He, the Most High, said:

And whoever disbelieves in Allaah and in His Angels and in His Books and in His Messengers and in the Last Day, then he has indeed gone astray with a far dalaal (misguidance).

Soorah an Nisaa- (4)aayah 136

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Refer to *Tafseer at Tabaree* 

ii) And sometimes it is applied to *shirk* (associating partners with Allaah). He, the Most High, said:

And whoever commits shirk with Allaah, then he has indeed strayed with a far dalaal.

Soorah an Nisaa- (4)aayah 116

iii) And sometimes it is applied to opposition (to the Truth) which is lesser than disbelief, such as (when) it said: *al firaq ud daalat* (the sects of misguidance) – meaning (the sects of) opposition

iv) And sometimes it is applied to error<sup>2</sup>, and from it is the statement of Moosaa 'alaihissalaam.

I did it then when I was from the daaleen.

Soorah ash Shu'araa-(26) aayah 20

v) And sometimes it is applied to forgetfulness, and from it is His statement, He, the Most High:

So that if one of them tadilla (forgets)<sup>3</sup>, then the other can remind her...

Soorah al Baqarah (2)aayah 282

vi) And *ad dalaal* is applied to being lost and absent, and from it is *daalat ul ibil* (stray camels).

## **Taken from**

Aqeedatut Tawheed of Shaykh Saalih al Fawzaan, page 114-115 Translator Nasser ibn Najam – words in brackets and footnotes are the translator's

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Refer to the narration of ar Rabee', ad Dahhaak and others as reported in *Tafseer at Tabaree* 



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Refer to the narration of ibn Zayd in explanation of Soorah 26 aayah 20, reported in *Tafseer at Tabaree*